

# Productivity growth and intangibles: how does Finland compare?

Jonathan Haskel, Imperial College Business School, Imperial College, London

www.imperial.ac.uk/people/j.haskel

@haskelecon; j.haskel@imperial.ac.uk

**OECD** meeting, Helsinki, December 2016

Features work from: SPINTAN (EU grant No. 612774) with Carol Corrado, Cecilia Jona-Lasinio, Massimiliano Iommi

#### The EU-financed SPINTAN project, www.spintan.net

- New country/industry/market-non-market productivity database
- With tangibles and intangible assets
- 20 industries, 1995-2013, 12 countries
  - US
  - Big Northern Europe: DE, FR, UK
  - Scand: DK FI, SE
  - Small Europe: AT, CZ, NL
  - Med: ES, IT

#### Features

- Bottom-up capital stocks from investment data
- Ex-post rental rates so capital rental payments equal gross operating surplus
- Public sector intangibles
- Returns to capital in the non-market sector
- Harmonised ICT prices

#### Sources of growth

Industry-level production function

$$\Delta \ln Q^{(a)}_{c,i,t} = s^{(a)L}_{c,i,m,t} \Delta \ln L_{c,i,m,t} + s^{(a)K}_{c,i,t} \Delta \ln K_{c,i,m,t} + s^{(a)R}_{c,i,t} \Delta \ln R_{c,i,m,t} + \Delta \ln TFP_{c,i,m,t}$$

- Country, c; Industry, i; time, t
- Market/non-market sector, m
- Asset capitalisation
  - Tangible assets, K; intangible assets R
  - Value added, Q<sup>(a)</sup>, consistent with capitalised assets
  - Shares, s=P<sub>x</sub>X/P<sub>q</sub>Q also consistent with capitalised assets
- Consistent aggregation to sectors and econ-wide level
- TFP a residual
  - Measures shift of production function, mismeasurement, spillovers

#### Capital inputs

#### **Asset prices**

$$P_{c,i,m,t}^{R(a)} = P_{c,i,m,t}^{N(a)}(r_{c,i,m,t} - \pi_{c,i,m,t}^{R(a)} + \delta^{R(a)}) \quad and \quad P_{c,i,m,t}^{K(a)} = P_{c,i,m,t}^{I(a)}(r_{c,i,m,t} - \pi_{c,i,m,t}^{K(a)} + \delta^{K(a)})$$

#### **Asset accumulation**

$$R_{c,i,m,t}^{(a)} = \frac{P_{c,i,m,t}^{N(a)*} N_{c,i,m,t}^{(a)}}{P_{c,i,m,t}^{N(a)}} + (1 - \delta^{R(a)}) R_{c,i,m,t-1}^{(a)} \quad and \quad K_{c,i,m,t}^{(a)} = \frac{P_{c,i,m,t}^{I(a)*} I_{c,i,m,t}}{P_{c,i,m,t}^{I(a)}} + (1 - \delta^{K(a)}) K_{c,i,m,t-1}^{(a)}$$

- "Conventional" issues
  - Asset deflators P<sup>N(a)</sup> and P<sup>R(a)</sup>.
    - Country-specific except ICTEq =hardware +comms equip is harmonised to US nat accounts (OECD method, Scheyrer/Collecia).
    - Intang. R&D country-specific. Others are country-specific GDP deflator
  - $\delta$ . EUKLEMS for tang, CHS for intang. Equal for country-industry-time
  - r?
- Baseline: Country-industry-time specific
- · Compare with country-time specific to get Jorgenson reallocation term
- Starting K values
  - KLEMS. Allocated by employment across market and non-market sectors
  - Growth steady state for intangibles
- New issues from non-market sector
  - What to do with non-market returns? Set r=Soc rate time pref
  - Starting K values. For tangibles, take industry from KLEMS and allocated by employment across market and non-market sectors within the industry.

#### Industries

NACE_R2_a21	NACE_R2_a21(L)
А	Agriculture, forestry and fishing
В	Mining and quarrying
С	Manufacturing
D	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply
E	Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities
F	Construction
G	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles
Н	Transportation and storage
I	Accommodation and food service activities
J	Information and communication
K	Financial and insurance activities
L	Real estate activities
M	Professional, scientific and technical activities
N	Administrative and support service activities
0	Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
Р	Education
Q	Human health and social work activities
R	Arts, entertainment and recreation
S	Other service activities
Т	Activities of households
U	Activities of extraterritorial organisations and bodies

## Asset list

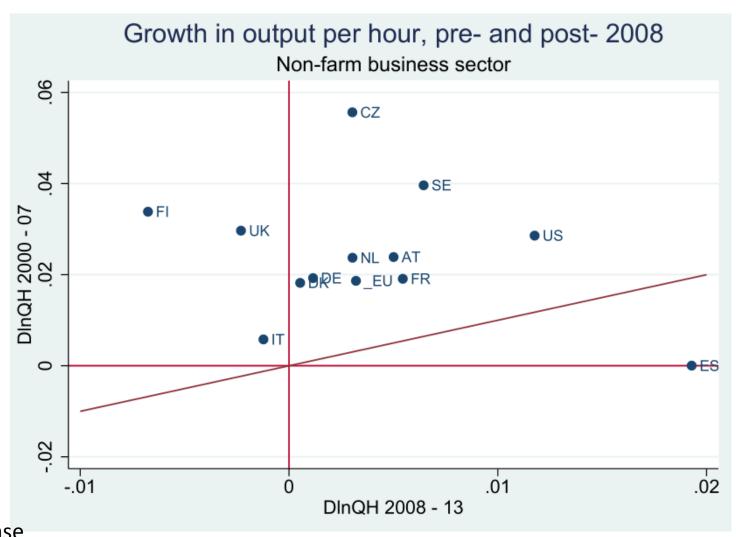
ASSET10	ASSET10(L)/TIME					
N11	Total fixed assets - esa2010 definition					
N11K	Total Construction					
N111	Dwellings					
N112	Other buildings and structures					
N11M	Machinery and equipment and weapons systems					
N1131	Transport equipment					
N1132	ICT equipment					
N11321	Computer hardware					
N11322	Telecommunications equipment					
N110	Other machinery and equipment and weapons systems					
N115	Cultivated biological resources					
N117	Intellectual property products					
N1171	Research and development					
N1173	Computer software and databases					
N1172_N1174	Mineral explorations and Entertainment, literary and artistic originals					
N117x1173	IPP excluding software = R&D+MinArt					
	New financial products					
	Design					
	Brand equity					
	Organisational capital					
	Firm specific human capital					
	Total fixed assets - including new intangible assets					

Table 3: Knowledge Capital in a Total Economy

Market Sector			Nonmarket Sector				
Со	emputerized Information	Inform	nation, Scientific, and Cultural Assets				
1	Software	1 Software					
2	Databases	2	Open data				
Inr	novative Property						
3	R&D, broadly defined to include all NPD costs	3	R&D, basic and applied science				
4	Entertainment & artistic originals	$\overline{(4)}$	Cultural and heritage, including				
5	Design		arch. & eng. design				
6	Mineral exploration	5	Mineral exploration				
Economic Competencies		Societ	tal Competencies				
7	Brands	6	Brands				
8	Organizational capital	$\overline{(7)}$	Organizational capital				
	(a) Manager capital	$\overline{}$	(a) Professional and manager capital				
	(b) Purchased organizational services		(b) Purchased organizational services				
9	Firm-specific human capital	8	Function-specific human capital				
	(employer-provided training)		(employer-provided training)				

Source: Corrado , Haskel, Jona-Lasinio, 2014. SPINTAN working paper

### Productivity growth compared...



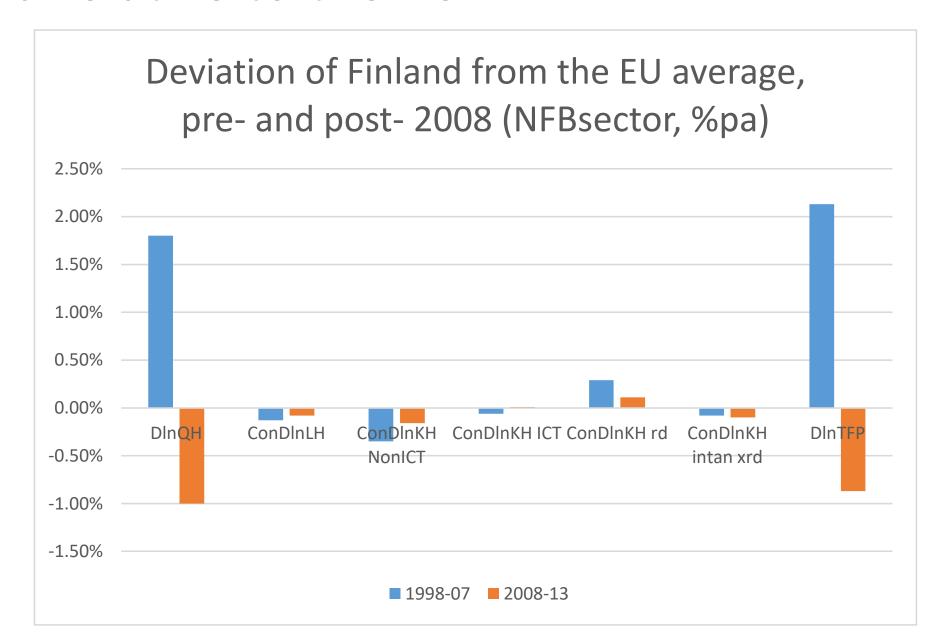
## Sources of growth, pre-2008

1998-2007, Non-farm business					Of which:			
	DlnQH	ConDlnLH	ConDinKH NonICT	ConDlnKH ICT	ConDlnKH intan	ConDlnKH rd	ConDlnKH intan xrd	DInTFP
AT	2.53%	0.19%	0.31%	0.29%	0.52%	0.15%	0.37%	1.22%
DE	1.81%	-0.01%	0.34%	0.22%	0.25%	0.09%	0.17%	1.00%
ES	-0.18%	-0.04%	0.57%	0.27%	0.13%	0.02%	0.11%	-1.12%
FI	3.58%	0.06%	-0.02%	0.15%	0.53%	0.36%	0.18%	2.86%
FR	2.16%	0.39%	0.24%	0.15%	0.49%	0.08%	0.41%	0.89%
IT	0.40%	0.21%	0.03%	0.19%	0.16%	0.03%	0.13%	-0.19%
NL	2.58%	0.29%	0.48%	0.13%	0.44%	0.05%	0.39%	0.88%
SE	3.82%	0.01%	0.37%	0.56%	0.46%	0.20%	0.25%	2.42%
UK	2.65%	0.45%	0.35%	0.17%	0.42%	0.04%	0.38%	1.78%
US	3.01%	0.15%	0.42%	0.44%	0.88%	0.18%	0.70%	1.13%
_EU	1.78%	0.19%	0.33%	0.21%	0.33%	0.07%	0.26%	0.73%

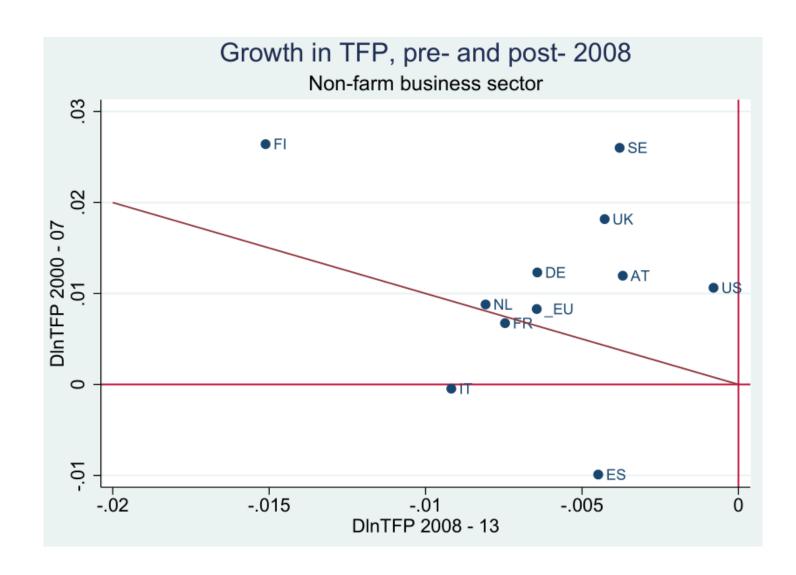
# Sources of growth, post-2008

2008-2013, Non-farm business						Of which:			
	DInQH	ConDlnLH	ConDlnKH NonICT	ConDlnKH ICT	ConDlnKH intan	ConDlnKH rd	ConDlnKH intan xrd	DInTFP	
AT	0.50%	0.16%	0.19%	0.08%	0.44%	0.23%	0.21%	-0.37%	
DE	0.12%	0.33%	0.19%	0.10%	0.14%	0.08%	0.06%	-0.64%	
ES	1.93%	0.41%	1.33%	0.12%	0.52%	0.13%	0.39%	-0.45%	
FI	-0.68%	0.25%	0.15%	0.11%	0.32%	0.21%	0.11%	-1.51%	
FR	0.54%	0.55%	0.16%	0.06%	0.53%	0.14%	0.40%	-0.75%	
IT	-0.12%	0.17%	0.38%	0.12%	0.13%	0.08%	0.05%	-0.92%	
NL	0.30%	0.44%	0.17%	0.08%	0.42%	0.03%	0.40%	-0.81%	
SE	0.64%	0.01%	0.41%	0.12%	0.49%	0.16%	0.33%	-0.38%	
UK	-0.23%	0.28%	-0.05%	0.07%	0.26%	0.04%	0.23%	-0.43%	
US	1.18%	0.24%	0.23%	0.14%	0.65%	0.16%	0.48%	-0.08%	
_EU	0.32%	0.33%	0.31%	0.10%	0.30%	0.10%	0.21%	-0.64%	

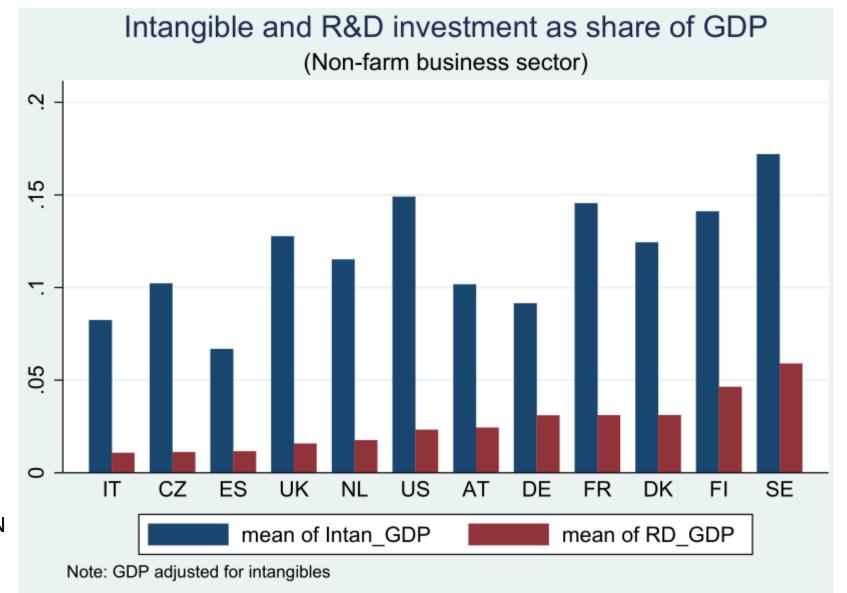
#### Finland relative to the EU



## TFP growth compared...



#### Intangibles, 1995-2013



### The TFP and intangible slowdown?

